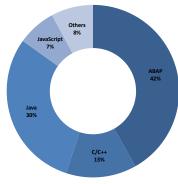


Static Code Analysis at SAP



Analyzed Languages (LoC) in 12/2013

- · Since 2010, mandatory for all products
- Multiple billions lines analyzed (several thousands of products/projects)
- JavaScript:
 - Will overtake C/C++ in 2014
 - Average size ca. 200 kLoC (up to several mLoC)
- Also important: SQLScript, Python, Ruby We also use: Perl, TCL, R, ...
- Mainly used tools:

Language	Tool	Vendor
ABAP	CVA (SLIN_SEC)	SAP
C/C++	Coverity	Coverity
Others	Fortify	HP

SAST for JavaScript: A Brief Overview of Commercial Tools

Abstract

Static application security testing (SAST) is a widely used technique that helps to find security vulnerabilities in program code at an early stage in the software development life-cycle. Since a few years, JavaScript is gaining more and more popularity as an implementation language for large applications. Consequently, there is a demand for SAST tools that support JavaScript.

We report briefly on our method for evaluating SAST tools for JavaScript as well as summarize the results of our analysis.

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Daws 2 of 0

Initial Observation and Assessment of Situation



Initial Situation:

- Increasing adoption of scripting languages (client-side and server-side, large frameworks, etc.)
- High false negative rate (in contrast to most other languages)

Market Analysis:

- Only three tools
 - commercially supported
 - with broad security scope
- Many other tools
 - specialized (e.g., only DOM-based XSS)
 - failed already on parsing our code

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Evaluation and Assessment Approach

Evaluation:

- We used most sensitive "default" configuration (no SAP specific template/filters)
- We used the same evaluation targets
 - library of JavaScript "challenges" (own examples, test cases from IBM Research)
 - three SAP applications of different size (including one with server-side JavaScript using the XS Engine)

Assessment:

- · Overall analysis:
 - how many findings in total
 - reported categories
- Detailed comparison for
 - XSS-variants
 - All findings of the two topmost priorities (high)

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Conclusion and Outlook



- There is no good static analysis tool for JavaScript (applied) security available
- Static analyzers should be understood as frameworks (instead of off-the shelf tools)
- Frameworks and lack of modules creates as hard challenges as core JavaScript
- Good benchmark/evaluation libraries (similar to SAMATE) are needed

Response from tool vendors:

- · Unsatisfactory results confirmed
- Fourth tool currently under development

And finally

- · if you have questions (or want to discuss example libraries), please approach me
- want to see code examples, see my talk on Wednesday

Result Overview (Test Library)

	X	Z	Υ
Scan duration (in s)	246	246	1147
Findings (all)	111	118	242
Findings (high)	52	80	119
True positive	+	+++	++
False negatives	-	+	+

We also tested three SAP applications

- · Rather small (less than 100kLoC)
- Scalability is not a (big) problem (nightly scans are acceptable)
- Identified many aspects currently missing in test library

Observations:

- Only Z allows for
 - modifying existing checks
 - write own checks
- Y and Z have a better understanding of core JavaScript (they are very close)
- X and Z each have one check that reports most of the findings (false positives)
- Z includes checks for
 - use of outdated libraries (e.g., JQuery)
 - RegExp injection / RegExp DoS
- X includes checking of J2EE configurations
- Y mainly reports OWASP Top Ten

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