

Conceptual Modeling at SAP

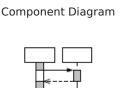
Technical Architectural Modeling (TAM)



Block Diagram



Activity Diagram





Sequence Diagram

State Diagram

Package Diagram

Use Case Diagram

Class Diagram

Abstract

In 1999, SAP started to combine the Unified Modeling Language (UML) and the Fundamental Modeling Concepts (FMC) language. The result is an SAP internal standard for modeling, called Technical Architecture Modeling (TAM), TAM comprises block diagrams, component diagrams, package diagrams, class diagrams, activity diagrams, sequence diagrams, state diagrams, and use case diagrams. TAM is used for both conceptual modeling as well as design modeling While many works on reasoning on conceptual schemas focus on class diagrams and state diagrams, the most often used diagram type at SAP is the block diagram. For example, class models are used rarely, as they are "too close to real code." In general, developers and architects prefer structural diagrams (e.g., block diagrams), thus we need to ask ourselves the questions, if we can reason over such models and

what kind of properties help to improve the software development.

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Page 2 of 11

Observations

Academia

- Many works reasoning over
 - Class models (e.g., with OCL constraints)
 - ER models
 - State charts

At SAP

- Most common diagram type:
- Block diagram
- Also used
 - State diagram
 - Activity diagram (BPMN)
 - . . .

Quotes from architects and developers:

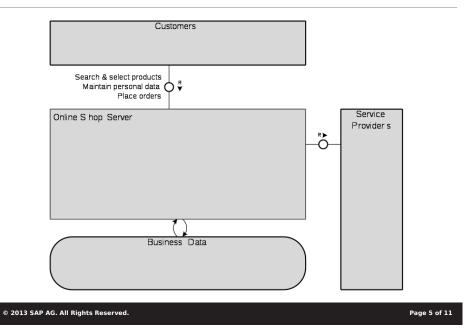
- · Class models (and ER models) are not conceptual, they are code
- Behavioral modeling is only done for complex behavior (incomplete)



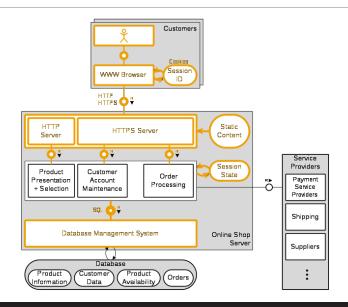
Page 3 of 11

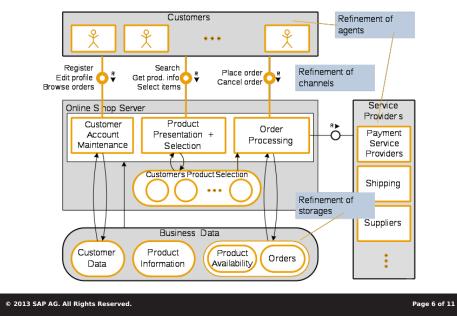
Block Diagrams: Abstract View

Block Diagrams: Concrete View I







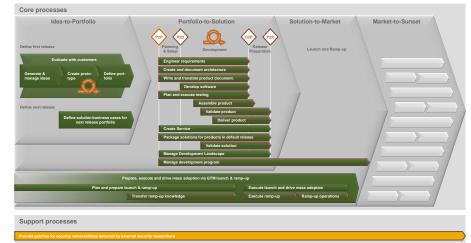


Software Development Life Cycle

When are Models Used?



Idea-to-Market	
Management processes	Current QMS scope,
Manage G3 solution strategy	corresponding to former PIL
Manage solution portfolio	
Improve processes (CIP)	
Manage Product Standard compliance	



Conclusion and Next Steps

Many open questions:

- How to make class models "more abstract" to use them early in development
- How to integrate reasoning at later steps (e.g., datatype definitions in a PL)
- How to link the different models (diagrams) for reasoning (behavioral models) Ultimately: How to reason over different model types
- What kind of reasoning can be done on block diagrams

• ...

What we are currently starting

- Motivate the use of "refined" block diagrams (including technical details)
- Development of "light-weight" reasoning techniques supporting threat-models
 - Exclude certain threats/countermeasures
 - Propagate threats/countermeasures
 - Infer requirements for models/implementation in later development steps

Goal: Reduce effort necessary for passing production quality checks/validation

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